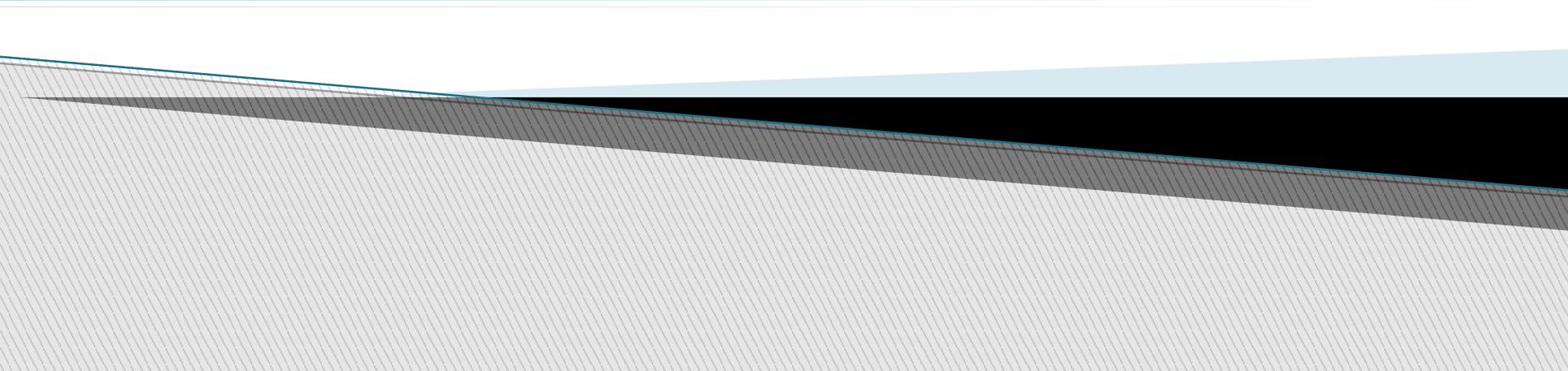


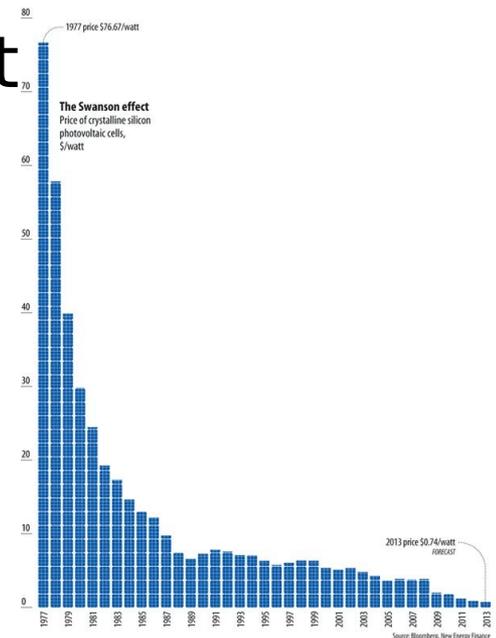
The Costs of Clean Power Plants

Antonín Kala



Clean power plants

- ▶ Power plants with minimal impact on the environment
- ▶ Not all renewables are considered clean and not all clean power stations are renewable (for example nuclear)
- ▶ In recent years clean power plant, mainly solar and wind, have experienced a major boom due to large investments and lower costs.



Types of clean power plants

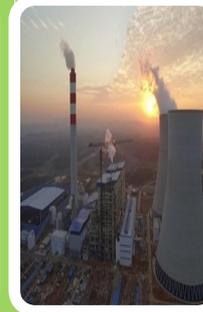
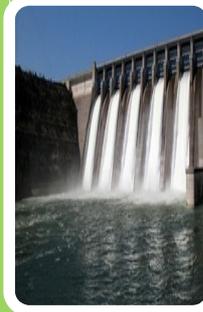


Photo
voltaics

1,331/kW

Solar
thermal

7,191/kW

Onshore
wind

1,319/kW

Offshore
wind

4,356/kW

Hydro
electric

2,752/kW

Geo
thermal

2,680/kW

Nuclear

6,016/kW

USC coal

3,661/kW

(for
comparison)

Solar power plants - photovoltaics

- ▶ Capital cost: \$1,331/kW (tracking PV)
- ▶ Lead time: 2 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 26.1%
- ▶ Advantages:
 - They require almost no maintenance.
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - Solar panels must be built in sunny location.
 - The power generation fluctuate drastically.
 - Only active during daytime



Solar power plants - thermal

- ▶ Capital cost: \$7,191/kW
- ▶ Lead time: 3 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 20-80% (depends on storage)
- ▶ New technology – expected to improve in near future.
- ▶ Advantages:
 - With enough storage they can be stable
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - Must be built in sunny location



Onshore wind power plants

- ▶ Capital cost: \$1,319/kW
- ▶ Lead time: 3 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 34.7%
- ▶ Advantages:
 - Very low impact on the environment.
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - Only effective in specific locations.
 - They can have very bad visual impact



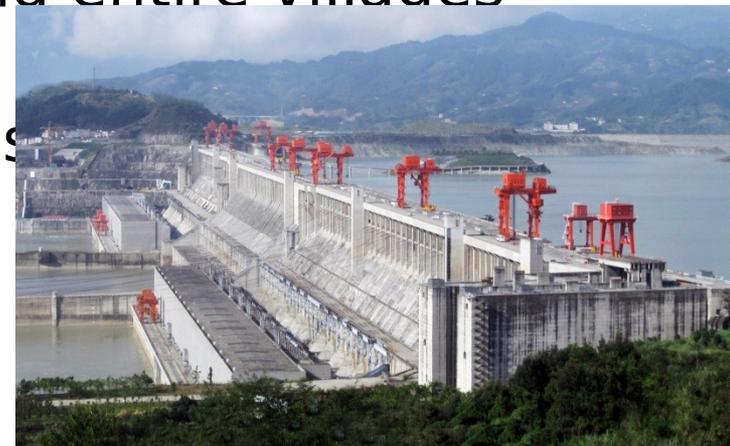
Offshore wind power plants

- ▶ Capital cost: \$4,356/kW
- ▶ Lead time: 4 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 40.6%
- ▶ Advantages:
 - Very low impact on the environment.
 - More powerful than onshore wind power plants.
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - Bad accessibility



Hydroelectric power plants

- ▶ Capital cost: $> \$2,752/\text{kW}$
- ▶ Lead time: > 4 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 36%
- ▶ Advantages:
 - Very flexible
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - The dams take a lot of land and entire villages need to be relocated.
 - Failures can be very dangerous



Geothermal power plants

- ▶ Capital cost: \$2,680/kW
- ▶ Lead time: 4 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 73%
- ▶ Advantages:
 - Reliable and cost-effective
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - Can be only built in specific locations.



Advanced nuclear power plants

- ▶ Capital cost: \$6,016/kW
- ▶ Lead time: 6 years
- ▶ Capacity factor: 92.6%
- ▶ Advantages:
 - They can last for 100+ years.
 - They are very stable and run constantly.
- ▶ Disadvantages:
 - They are not renewable.
 - Radioactive waste is very hard to dispose.
 - Political issues.



Sources

- ▶ <https://en.wikipedia.org/>
 - ▶ https://www.eia.gov/outlooks/aeo/assumptions/pdf/table_8.2.pdf
 - ▶ <https://www.irena.org/>
 - ▶ <https://www.thinkgeoenergy.com/>
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